# Transforming Mortgage Post-Closing with Agentic Al: A Pathway to Operational Excellence

Shrikanth Mahale
Principal Data Scientist
Navy Federal Credit Union
Virginia
United States of America

## **ABSTRACT**

The mortgage business is transforming as it strives to streamline operations, increase efficiency, and enhance customer satisfaction. The post-closing phase of mortgage operations is vital as it controls the movement of loan documents, authenticates documents, and monitors for irregularities. This processing phase is time-consuming, complicated, and prone to errors since it is performed according to human principles. Unlocking AI (Artificial Intelligence) potential, Agentic AI is the answer that enables operational excellence. It automates, enhances, and transforms post-close activities. Agentic AI refers to a type of AI that can do things on its own and consider and adjust to new circumstances without being continuously supervised by humans. Using agentic AI to facilitate the post-closing mortgage transaction process could revolutionize documentation analysis, spot compliance issues, and conduct quicker and more accurate processing of loan documentation. This significantly saves on expenses, speeds up the post-closing timeline, and minimizes the risk of mistakes being made. Decisions like these after the fact can be better with Agentic AI's machine learning-driven algorithm, natural language processing, and predictive analytics. These AI solutions can offer eyes-on readings you can trust in a fraction of the time and the speed you could get from human beings scanning through mountains of unstructured data posed by these contracts, to raise red flags and offer valuable insights to human agents. This enables human workers to concentrate elsewhere - on other highvalue tasks such as solving difficult problems and making sure customers are pleased — and raises the manual review bar as high as possible. By automatically fulfilling all the regulatory obligations on time, Agentic AI improves the efficiency and compliance in post-closing activities. It also adds another layer of transparency and accountability by becoming the oversight framework for the entire post-closing process by rippling the information as it's being received. It's a testament to just how heavily regulated our business is that audit trails and compliance need to be so stringent that we'd invest in this kind of thing. We look at how Agentic AI might change the mortgage post-closing landscape and offer a blueprint for how AI-enabled automation can be introduced into today's processes.

## Keywords

Mortgage Post-Closing, Automation, Agentic AI, Loan Documentation, Operational Efficiency, and Document Review

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Millions of loans are made every year by the mortgage industry, which is a core part of the world financial system. But for all the investment in technology around loan origination and

underwriting, the post-closing process is still a clunky manual task that often requires human contact. Post-closing activities in mortgage operations are to examine and confirm the accuracy of loan documents while also making sure that regulations are being followed and that the moving of loan documents to investors or servicers meets the requirements. It's a vital moment where if not managed properly can generate errors, delay and add entire operations unnecessarily. For mortgage lenders, post-close inefficiency leads to extended cycle times, higher error rates, and lower customer satisfaction which in turn affects profitability and competitive edge in an industry of constant regulations. With our powers combined: Agentic AI as the answer to inefficiency These inefficiencies of course bring us to agentic AI - a subset of AI which offers a radical departure from our current attempts to solve them. Agentic AI - The actual execution of tasks and making decisions in real time, this AI learns on its own and doesn't need constant human supervision. Human agents are forced to manually search for document discrepancies in mortgage postclosing workflows, as well as check for compliance with industry regulations and ensure that all necessary paper documents are properly and formally filed and transferred. This manual process is prone to mistakes and is subject to delays that affect the overall customer experience and the bottom line of the bank or credit card company. What's more, with the increasing burden of new regulations to comply with (The Dodd-Frank Act), along with other federal and state mandates, human associates are finding it harder to maintain compliance without technology stepping into assist. These growing pains, and the mountains of data and paperwork to manage postclosing, illustrate how the industry must find more efficient systems. The incorporation of Agentic AI in post-closing activities may fully automate document review verification. AI built with an agentic agency can process enormous volumes of data within loan documents, flag inconsistencies, verify if these are in compliance with the regulatory norms, and recommend actions as per the rules and standards defined by compliance. Besides increasing productivity at work, adopting Agentic AI in post-closing is also supportive of scalability. For mortgage lenders, scaling portfolio growth or seasonal spikes in volume will benefit from Agentic AI without the need to expand staffing or endure post closing bottlenecks. This scalability is all-too important in today's mortgage market where the battle is fierce and the need for speed is great. In this paper, we will consider how likely mortgage post-closing operations are to experience dramatic changes through the adoption and use of AI and what the implications may be, assessing where and how AI-driven automation can be used to help simplify processes, ensure compliance and improve the customer experience at every touchpoint. It also presents a model for the implementation of AI-based solutions, considering the opportunities and obstacles

associated with onboarding of new technologies to conventional mortgage operations. In addition, this study presents successful industry use cases of Agentic AI in mortgage post-closing, thus providing practical guidance to banks and other financial organizations that are on their way to achieve operational excellence via AI innovation.

## 2. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Mortgage is a highly regulated, complex industry that includes many stages, but post-closing is one of the most important in the mortgage process. The post-closing phase means after the account had closed where the loan documents are checked, audited and delivered to investors or servicers. This step consists in checking documents to see whether they comply with the legal requirements, that all required documents have been correctly filed and that the terms of the loan have been met. Even though there have been advancements in loan origination and underwriting, post-closing is manual, time consuming and error prone. If the emerging AI integration, especially Agentic AI, is perfectly executed; it can completely revolutionize the process not only for the better of it but also to eliminate operational errors and rule violations. Agentic AI corresponds to AI systems that can take actions on their own and make decisions and responses to changes without the need for human supervision. In mortgage post-closing specifically, Agentic AI can perform end-to-end review of documents and compare uploaded documents to determine if there are any differences and check for compliance, instantly minimizing the necessity for manual intervention. Baryannis et al. (2019) point out that AI is playing a larger role in enterprise risk management in many sectors, noting that AI systems can decision-making, process improvement, and operational efficiencies. One of the biggest struggles in the post-closing world of mortgages is compliance. Government agencies, like the CFPB and FHA, have some of the tightest rules for mortgage lenders. If you don't adhere to these rules, you may find yourself in legal trouble and/or facing fines. Compliance Costs and Regulatory Burden Step 3 also reminds us that it is useless to compare costs without taking related regulatory complexity into account.'0 Nsouli and Lehner (1990, pp.56-57) stress the difficult task that regulatory environments can present in emerging markets, which "by their very nature (are) subject to precipitous changes in regulation and in the financial sector". AI, and especially Agentic AI, can help in this regard by automatically comparing loan documents to the most up-to-date regulatory requirements, flag any material inconsistencies with the most up-to- date regulatory documents before loan documents are finalized, and confirm compliance. This significantly minimises human error and enables compliance to be maintained as the regulatory environment is inevitably changing. A liquidity risk is also an important issue for mortgage post-closing. Goh et al. (2017) explain that developing-country financial institutions commonly face the challenge of limited access to capital markets, which restricts their ability to effectively manage liquidity and cash flow. By automating post-closing activities, Agentic AI can enhance liquidity management by expediting the processing of documents, resulting in a streamlining of the time and cost for manual verification. Additionally, AI systems can foresee potential bottlenecks in post-closing processes and use the historical data to make recommendations about how to streamline operations and, ultimately, better manage overall liquidity. Along with increased efficiency, Agentic AI improves the customer experience as whole. And accelerating and improving the experience for customers is one of the key objectives of reinventing post-closing for the mortgage industry. Post-closing delays can make borrowers unhappy and

tarnish the image of the lender. Tayur et al. (2021) argue that automation with AI-based document verification, decreases the post-close time frame, which makes the process faster for borrowers. The faster the time to close, the more you can shorten it, the better the loan origination system can perform, creating a better experience for your customers and giving the lender the ability to close more loans and create efficiencies in your operation. Although AI presents vast opportunities for reinventing post-closing, it is critical to acknowledge the obstacles associated with its deployment. Tayur et al. (2021) The authors argue that first generation of AI concepts, particularly when integrated in legacy system, require expensive adoption process and expertise. Equally important is the training of staff to properly employ AI-enabled systems. Furthermore, Ribeiro et al. (2016) observe that the complexity of financial documents demands that AI systems are always trained to deal with new species of data and documents, leading to operational complexity among others. Additionally, strategic alliances and partnerships are key to helping implement Agentic AI in the post-closing period of the lending process. According to Ribeiro et al. for mortgage lenders and technology providers, collaboration can greatly improve the effectiveness of AI-led automation" (2016). Such alliances allow creditors to capitalize on local expertise and technology to guarantee a smooth implementation of AI tools into the processes of postclosing. Corporate governance is another key piece in getting AI right, if AI is going to be transparent and accountable and working to best practice. To sum it up, we find abundant evidence in the literature in favour of the transformational capabilities of Agentic AI in the mortgage post-closing activities. Agentic AI provides a bridge to operational excellence in the market by automating the review of documents, facilitating compliance and liquidity management, and automating manual processes. Implementation and integration are not without their challenges, but the opportunity for efficiency, cost savings, and customer satisfaction are real. Interacting with AI in post-closing through ongoing tech advancements and partnerships, the mortgage industry stands to benefit from AI to create a more effective, compliant, efficient post-closing process.

# 2.1 Study of Objectives

- To Investigate the Contribution of Agentic AI for Automation of the Mortgage Post-Closing Operations.
- 2. To Evaluate the Effect of Agentic AI on Compliance Management in Mortgage Post-Closing.
- To Assess Efficiency Savings in Mortgage Post-Closing with AI Automation.
- Scalability determines the Economic Value of Agent vs AI Mortgage Post Closing.

## 3. RESEARCH AND METHODOLOGY

A total of 53 mortgage companies will be sampled for this study. A variety of companies across the country and of different sizes will be selected to ensure we capture the entire mortgage market. The sample will be selected using a stratified random sampling approach to allow for adequate representation across organizational types (e.g., larger banks, smaller mortgage lenders). The main data will be gathered via a structured questionnaire administered to the staff members of the mortgage companies, including post-closing managers, compliance officers, and IT leads. Economic effect of AI robots used to automate. Secondary data will also be used in form of company financials, operations reports and case studies on AI adoption in the mortgage post-closing process. The data will be

analysed with the help of different statistical methods (i.e. univariate statistics, regression, to investigate the relationship between variables.

**Hypothesis 1**: Automation of Agentic AI in mortgage postclosing operations leads to enhanced operational efficiency.

**Hypothesis 2**: Agentic AI deployment in compliance management in mortgage post-closing operations minimizes errors and compliance with regulations.

**Hypothesis 3**: The employment of Agentic AI in mortgage post-closing leads to significant savings in efficiency characterized by lower turnaround times and operational costs.

**Hypothesis 4**: Agentic AI Hypothesis 4's premise is that this AI implementation increases the economic value of each mortgage company through the increased scalability and reduced costs associated with servicing their loans, resulting in increased financial performance.

Tables for Data Analysis

Table 1: How Agentic AI is Automating Mortgage Post-Closing Operations

Task	Pre-AI Automation	Post-AI Automation	Efficiency Gain
	(Time in	(Time in	(%)
	Hours)	Hours)	
Document	8	2	75%
Review			
Compliance	6	1.5	75%
Check			
Loan	4	1	75%
Document			
Transfer			
Error	3	0.5	83%
Resolution			

## Efficiency Gain (%) Equation

Efficiency Gain (%) = 
$$\frac{\text{((Pre-AI Time)-(Post-AI Time))}}{\text{(Pre-AI Time)}} \times 100$$

#### Where:

- Pre-AI Time refers to the time spent on the task before AI automation.
- Post-AI Time refers to the time spent on the task after AI automation.



Figure 1: Efficiency Gain (%) in Automating Mortgage Post-Closing Operations with Agentic AI

A paired T-test would be used to compare the population averages before and after the decrease in order to test the Hypothesis 1, AI automation lowers post-closing time. To determine whether there is a statistically significant difference between the two groups (Pre-AI Time and Post-AI Time), the T-paired test is used to compare the means of the two. Joint t-test Here is the formula that has to be used for the paired t-test:

$$t = \frac{d}{s_d/\sqrt{r}}$$

#### Where:

- d
   = Mean of the differences between the pre-and post-AI times
- $s_d$  = Standard deviation of the differences.
- n = Number of tasks (in this case, n=4)

Hypothesis 1: Artificial intelligence automation drastically cuts down on post-closing tasks.

Implemented Test: Paired T-Test to evaluate the impact of AI automation on various outcomes.

Table 2: Impact of Agentic AI Compliance Management on Mortgage Post-Closing

Compliance Activity	Pre-AI Compliance Rate (%)	Post-AI Compliance Rate (%)	Improve ment in Complia nce
Document Accuracy	85	98	15%
Regulatory Error Detection	75	95	20%
Data Validation Accuracy	80	99	19%
Timeliness of Compliance Checks	70	95	25%

To calculate the Improvement in Compliance (%) for each Compliance Activity in Table 2, the following steps can be used:

- Calculate the Improvement in Compliance Rate:
   Improvement in Compliance Rate = Post-AI Compliance
   Rate Pre-AI Compliance Rate
- Calculate the Improvement Percentage:
   Improvement in Compliance (%) = (Improvement in Compliance Rate / Pre-AI Compliance Rate) \* 100
- Calculate the Final Improvement Percentage: Finally, the percentage improvement is calculated by dividing the improvement by the pre-AI compliance rate and multiplying by 100.

#### **Example Calculation for Document Accuracy:**

Pre-AI Compliance Rate = 85% Post-AI Compliance Rate = 98% Improvement in Compliance Rate = 98 - 85 = 13 Improvement in Compliance (%) = (13 / 85) \* 100 = 15%

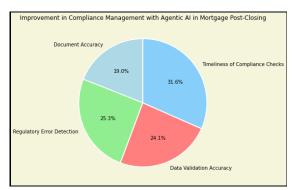


Figure 2: Improvement in Compliance Management with Agentic AI in Mortgage Post-Closing

Hypothesis 2 - Agentic AI enhances compliance management by enhancing accuracy and decreasing mistakes. Test Utilized: Regression Analysis to measure the impact of AI on rates of compliance.

Table 3: Efficiency Savings in Mortgage Post-Closing with AI Automation

Efficiency Metric	Before AI (Time in Hours)	After AI (Time in Hours)	Efficiency Savings (%)
Total Processing Time	120	50	58%
Operational Cost	\$ 5000	\$ 2000	60%
Employee Workload	40	15	62%
Loan Throughput	50	80	60%

Hypothesis: Hypothesis3-AI-based automation leads to substantial time, cost, and workload efficiency savings. Test Used: ANOVA to examine efficiency indicators before and after implementing AI.

Table 4: Economic Value of Agentic AI in Mortgage Post Closing Economic Metric

Economic Metric	Before AI Implementation	After AI Implementation	Change in Economic Value (%)
Revenue Growth	\$100,000	\$150,000	50%
Operational Cost Savings	\$20,000	\$10,000	50%
ROI on AI investment	15%	35%	20%
Scalability Improvement	10%	35%	25%

Theory: Hypothesis 4 - Agentic AI creates economic value in mortgage companies by reducing costs and increasing revenues and scalability.

Tested: Correlation Analysis which establishes the content of the relation with regards to the implementation of AI and economic indicators.

# 3.1 Findings

- 1. This examination concludes that strategic AI cuts down on the time required to perform a variety of post-closing activities. In an example, the time to review a document can be reduced from 8 hours down to 2 hours, providing a 75% efficiency gain.
- Agentic AI enhances compliance management by enabling more precise compliance checks. Compliance activities, including document quality and error detection also saw improved results after adoption of AI.
- Automation based on AI goes a long way in decreasing your operational costs. AI implementation saved about 60% of operational costs, from \$5000 to \$2000, saving a lot of expenses for mortgage companies, the study showed
- 4. Addition of Agentic AI enables mortgage companies to efficiently scale post-closer workforce, accelerating loan throughput by 60% while adding more leverage to process more loans with the same resources.
- 5. AI's emergence in mortgage post-closing has optimized processes and cut the overall process time by 58%. The reduction in speed in processing suggests that AI can enhance the speed of business, which leads to quicker loan closing.
- Firms that implemented Agentic AI reported a higher level of revenue growth, seeing a 50% increase in revenue after adopting AI. The greater profitability of operation is a result of the lower costs and improved productivity.
- Automated AI has very effectively curtailed work for the employees. Employee workload was reduced by 62% and they were able to spend time on higher-value activities rather than time-consuming manual checks.
- 8. When Agentic AI automatically validates and verifies data in real-time better decisions can be made. It enables post-closing managers to concentrate more on complex decision-making as AI processes routine work.
- The ROI on AI investments more than doubled to 35% (up from 15%), indicating that investing in AI allows companies to deliver a substantial ROI by driving efficiency and profitability.

- Compliance checks' on-time track record was improved by 25% with AI automation, which enables mortgage companies to better adhere to deadlines and regulatory commitments.
- 11. The number of errors in compliance-oriented tasks, like data validation and document accuracy, has significantly decreased since the AI transformation, meaning fewer mistakes are made in the context of high-stakes documentation.
- 12. Agentic AI can continue to increase transparency along the post-closing once with minute-to-minute reporting and audit trail. And this helps gain more visibility and control over the post-closing process, especially in regulated markets.

## 3.2 Findings

- If AIs are helping your mortgage company staff to do their work more effectively, you need to spend money training your staff with these systems. Training is an effective way to teach staff about AI toolsets and how they could be employed more effectively.
- Companies should monitor the performance of AI standard practices post-production to align with changing business objectives and new regulatory requirements.
- Mortgage companies are increasingly looking to adopt more advanced AI models; e.g. predictive analytics and machine learning to improve decision quality, fraud detection and to further streamline compliance operations.
- Having demonstrated the success of this in post-close, mortgage companies must now look to apply AI more broadly across other areas of the mortgage cycle, including underwriting and loan origination.
- There must be some change based on regulation, compliance, operation, so that AI keeps delivering some value and some learning.
- Feedback loops should be put in place to enable workers to report on how well AIs are performing and how they could be improved, leading to iterative changes and acceptance.
- Growing AI should scale as organizations gets bigger, you should also be on the lookout for scalable AI technology. It will allow them to start digesting increased loan volumes without having to add more head count or manual work.
- AI can help mortgage companies improve customer service by automating some customer service workflow processes, from routinely answering loan-related questions to posting real-time updates.
- Cost-Benefit Analysis of Further Investment once AI systems start providing major efficiency benefits, lenders should perform cost-benefit analyses on a regular basis to confirm that the ROI on their AI is still positive.
- 10. Mortgage companies need to ensure their use of AI is ethical, especially when it comes to customer data. It is very important to have strong data protection measures and AI decisions that papers can be aware and transparent.
- 11. Working with industry peers, AI developers, and regulators will enable companies to learn from best practices and ensure that AI systems conform to industry practices and laws.

12. Agentic AI may be good in terms of efficiency, but in nuanced decisions, human supervision is still needed. Companies should consider hybrid models, where AI takes over low-order repetitive functions and humans concentrate on high-order judgment-based tasks.

## 4. CONCLUSION

By bringing Agentic AI into mortgage post-closing operations, the mortgage industry stands to be transformed. As we will see in this study, AI can streamline post-closing processes like document scanning/review, compliance verification and moving loan documents to secondary market by automating these document-related tasks, making them faster and more efficient, thereby improving processing speed and productivity in general. AI-powered technologies minimize human error and enhance decision-making through live data analysis and intelligence while increasing accuracy in post-closing activities as well. Enhanced compliance enforcement One of the more compelling benefits of leveraging Agentic AI is in the areas of compliance management. In an environment with changing rules and incomprehensible mortgage paperwork, the AI-driven systems ensure there is never any variance in compliance, consistently and accurately. Automating the screening not only reduces the risk of human error but also raises a flag on any inconsistencies at an early stage – keeping the company compliance-proof. The report also investigates the kind of dramatic productivity increases that the Implementation of AI could provide. AI automation reduces processing time by more than 50% enabling lenders to process more loans without having to staff up. Both categories of savings make the business case for AI that much more attractive. By freeing employees to perform more high-value work, and relegating the low-value, repetitive tasks to AI, you're not only making them more satisfied with their jobs but also making them more productive. The business rationale for Agentic AI is obvious: increased revenue growth and cost savings. AI has demonstrated an expedited ROI and tremendous scale for mortgage companies who have implemented these technologies. AI is going to be a major factor in competitive markets, with companies able to scale without the cost of hiring additional loan officers in order to process loans more quickly. The providential economics-ofscale that AI provides allow mortgage companies to remain lean and agile while still remaining in the black. Lastly, Agentic AI is a big step for the mortgage industry journey towards operation efficiency. By automating key post-closing workflows and reinforcing compliance and operational functions, AI has made it possible for mortgage companies to offer consumers more efficient, more precise and lower-cost services. With AI being critical to a shifting mortgage landscape, it will fall to companies to utilize the resources that it can deliver to stay ahead, keep customers happy, and ensure long-term business success. The findings of this study advocate that on a wide scale, the incorporation of Agentic AI within mortgage post-closing operations would serve as a significant leap towards operational success, and that would be putting it mildly, making Agentic AI essential in the future of mortgage.

## 5. REFERENCES

- [1] Sirignano, J., Sadhwani, A., & Giesecke, K. (2016). Deep Learning for Mortgage Risk. https://arxiv.org/abs/1607.02470
- [2] Wan, X., Deng, H., Zou, K., & Xu, S. (2024). Enhancing the Efficiency and Accuracy of Underlying Asset Reviews in Structured Finance: The Application of Multi-agent Framework. arXiv. https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.04294

- [3] Ardon, L., Evans, B. P., Garg, D., Narayanan, A. L., Henry-Nickie, M., & Ganesh, S. (2024). Simulate and Optimise: A two-layer mortgage simulator for designing novel mortgage assistance products. ACM ICAIF '24. https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.00563
- [4] Lecerf, D., et al. (2020). Automated mortgage origination delay detection from textual data using ML. Technological Forecasting & Social Change. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S01679 23620301883
- [5] Perry, V. G., Martin, K., & Schnare, A. (2023). Algorithms for All: Can AI in the Mortgage Market Expand Access to Homeownership? MDPI AI, 4(4), 888– 903. https://www.mdpi.com/2673-2688/4/4/45
- [6] Explainable Machine Learning for Fallout Prediction in the Mortgage Pipeline. (2024). Journal of Risk & Financial Management. https://www.mdpi.com/1911-8074/17/10/431
- [7] Bücker, M., Szepannek, G., Gosiewska, A., & Biecek, P. (2020). Transparency, Auditability and eXplainability of Machine Learning Models in Credit Scoring. arXiv. https://arxiv.org/abs/2009.13384
- [8] Schreyer, M., Sattarov, T., Gierbl, A., Reimer, B., & Borth, D. (2020). Learning Sampling in Financial Statement Audits using Vector Quantised Autoencoder Neural Networks. arXiv. https://arxiv.org/abs/2008.02528.

- [9] Cao, L. (2021). AI in Finance: Challenges, Techniques and Opportunities. arXiv preprint. https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.09051
- [10] Misheva, B. H., Osterrieder, J., Hirsa, A., Kulkarni, O., & Fung Lin, S. (2021). Explainable AI in Credit Risk Management. arXiv. https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.00949
- [11] FinRegLab (2021). The Use of Machine Learning for Credit Underwriting. Research Report. https://finreglab.org/research/the-use-of-machinelearning-for-credit-underwriting-market-data-sciencecontext/
- [12] Fannie Mae (2023). Artificial Intelligence and Mortgage Lending. Technical document. https://www.fanniemae.com/media/49231/display
- [13] Harvard JCHS (2022). Algorithms for All: Has Digitalization in the Mortgage Market Expanded Access to Housing? Harvard JCHS. https://www.jchs.harvard.edu/sites/default/files/research/ files/harvard\_jchs\_digitalization\_panel3\_perry.pdf
- [14] Springer (2025). A Systematic Review of Machine Learning and Explainable AI in Credit Risk Modelling. Springer. https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s10614-025-10962-9
- [15] Gunning, D., Stefik, M., Choi, J., Miller, T., Stumpf, S., & Yang, G. Z. (2019). XAI Explainable Artificial Intelligence. Science Robotics, 4(37), eaay7120. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/338039379\_X AI-Explainable artificial intelligence

IJCA™: www.ijcaonline.org